

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2017 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2982

BY DELEGATE UPSON

[Introduced March 13, 2017; Referred
to the Committee on the Judiciary.]

1 A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section,
 2 designated §29-22-15a; and to amend and reenact §29B-1-4 of said code, all relating to
 3 allowing Powerball, Mega Millions and Hot Lotto ticket winners to remain anonymous;
 4 providing procedures by which such winners can request anonymity; and providing an
 5 exemption under the Freedom of Information Act for Powerball, Mega Millions and Hot
 6 Lotto ticket winner information.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new
 2 section, designated §29-22-15a; and that §29B-1-4 of said code be amended and reenacted, all
 3 to read as follows:

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 22. STATE LOTTERY ACT.

§29-22-15a. Option for winners of Powerball, Mega Millions, and Hot Lotto to remain anonymous.

1 If the person entitled to collect proceeds from a winning Powerball, Mega Millions, or Hot
 2 Lotto ticket desires to remain anonymous, he or she shall contact the State Lottery Director in
 3 writing, concerning their desire to remain anonymous along with contact information for that
 4 person, including any personal telephone number, residential address or electronic mail address.
 5 Any request may be by certified mail addressed to the West Virginia State Lottery Director, P.O.
 6 Box 2067, Charleston, West Virginia 25327 or by electronic mail, to mail@wvlottery.com. Upon
 7 receiving a request in writing, the director shall contact the person requesting anonymity and
 8 schedule an appointment to meet at any county, regional or state lottery office to confirm the
 9 winning number and to otherwise secure the anonymity of the requesting person.

CHAPTER 29B. FREEDOM OF INFORMATION.

ARTICLE 1. PUBLIC RECORDS.

§29B-1-4. Exemptions.

1 (a) There is a presumption of public accessibility to all public records, subject only to the
2 following categories of information which are specifically exempt from disclosure under the
3 provisions of this article:

4 (1) Trade secrets, as used in this section, which may include, but are not limited to, any
5 formula, plan pattern, process, tool, mechanism, compound, procedure, production data or
6 compilation of information which is not patented which is known only to certain individuals within
7 a commercial concern who are using it to fabricate, produce or compound an article or trade or a
8 service or to locate minerals or other substances, having commercial value, and which gives its
9 users an opportunity to obtain business advantage over competitors;

10 (2) Information of a personal nature such as that kept in a personal, medical or similar file,
11 if the public disclosure of the information would constitute an unreasonable invasion of privacy,
12 unless the public interest by clear and convincing evidence requires disclosure in this particular
13 instance: *Provided*, That this article does not preclude an individual from inspecting or copying
14 his or her own personal, medical or similar file;

15 (3) Test questions, scoring keys and other examination data used to administer a licensing
16 examination, examination for employment or academic examination;

17 (4) Records of law-enforcement agencies that deal with the detection and investigation of
18 crime and the internal records and notations of such law-enforcement agencies which are
19 maintained for internal use in matters relating to law enforcement;

20 (5) Information specifically exempted from disclosure by statute;

21 (6) Records, archives, documents or manuscripts describing the location of undeveloped
22 historic, prehistoric, archaeological, paleontological and battlefield sites or constituting gifts to any
23 public body upon which the donor has attached restrictions on usage or the handling of which
24 could irreparably damage the record, archive, document or manuscript;

25 (7) Information contained in or related to examination, operating or condition reports

26 prepared by, or on behalf of, or for the use of any agency responsible for the regulation or
27 supervision of financial institutions, except those reports which are by law required to be published
28 in newspapers;

29 (8) Internal memoranda or letters received or prepared by any public body ;

30 (9) Records assembled, prepared or maintained to prevent, mitigate or respond to terrorist
31 acts or the threat of terrorist acts, the public disclosure of which threaten the public safety or the
32 public health;

33 (10) Those portions of records containing specific or unique vulnerability assessments or
34 specific or unique response plans, data, databases and inventories of goods or materials collected
35 or assembled to respond to terrorist acts; and communication codes or deployment plans of law-
36 enforcement or emergency response personnel;

37 (11) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records dealing with
38 terrorist acts or the threat of a terrorist act shared by and between federal and international law-
39 enforcement agencies, state and local law-enforcement and other agencies within the Department
40 of Military Affairs and Public Safety;

41 (12) National security records classified under federal executive order and not subject to
42 public disclosure under federal law that are shared by federal agencies and other records related
43 to national security briefings to assist state and local government with domestic preparedness for
44 acts of terrorism;

45 (13) Computing, telecommunications and network security records, passwords, security
46 codes or programs used to respond to or plan against acts of terrorism which may be the subject
47 of a terrorist act;

48 (14) Security or disaster recovery plans, risk assessments, tests or the results of those
49 tests;

50 (15) Architectural or infrastructure designs, maps or other records that show the location
51 or layout of the facilities where computing, telecommunications or network infrastructure used to

52 plan against or respond to terrorism are located or planned to be located;

53 (16) Codes for facility security systems; or codes for secure applications for facilities
54 referred to in subdivision (15) of this subsection;

55 (17) Specific engineering plans and descriptions of existing public utility plants and
56 equipment;

57 (18) Customer proprietary network information of other telecommunications carriers,
58 equipment manufacturers and individual customers, consistent with 47 U.S.C. §222;

59 (19) Records of the Division of Corrections, Regional Jail and Correctional Facility
60 Authority and the Division of Juvenile Services relating to design of corrections, jail and detention
61 facilities owned or operated by the agency, and the policy directives and operational procedures
62 of personnel relating to the safe and secure management of inmates or residents, that if released,
63 could be used by an inmate or resident to escape a facility, or to cause injury to another inmate,
64 resident or to facility personnel ;

65 (20) Information related to applications under section four, article seven, chapter sixty-one
66 of this code, including applications, supporting documents, permits, renewals, or any other
67 information that would identify an applicant for or holder of a concealed weapon permit: *Provided:*
68 That information in the aggregate that does not identify any permit holder other than by county or
69 municipality is not exempted: *Provided, however,* That information or other records exempted
70 under this subdivision may be disclosed to a law enforcement agency or officer: (i) To determine
71 the validity of a permit; (ii) to assist in a criminal investigation or prosecution; or (iii) for other lawful
72 law-enforcement purposes; ~~and~~

73 (21) Personal information of law-enforcement officers maintained by the public body in the
74 ordinary course of the employer-employee relationship. As used in this paragraph, "personal
75 information" means a law-enforcement officer's social security number, health information, home
76 address, personal address, personal telephone numbers and personal email addresses and those
77 of his or her spouse, parents and children as well as the names of the law-enforcement officer's

78 spouse, parents and children; and

79 (22) Information provided by a person when he or she elects to avail themselves of the
80 provisions of section fifteen-a, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

81 (b) As used in subdivisions (9) through (16), inclusive, subsection (a) of this section, the
82 term "terrorist act" means an act that is likely to result in serious bodily injury or damage to property
83 or the environment and is intended to:

84 (1) Intimidate or coerce the civilian population;

85 (2) Influence the policy of a branch or level of government by intimidation or coercion;

86 (3) Affect the conduct of a branch or level of government by intimidation or coercion; or

87 (4) Retaliate against a branch or level of government for a policy or conduct of the
88 government.

89 (c) The provisions of subdivisions (9) through (16), inclusive, subsection (a) of this section
90 do not make subject to the provisions of this chapter any evidence of an immediate threat to public
91 health or safety unrelated to a terrorist act or the threat of a terrorist act which comes to the
92 attention of a public entity in the course of conducting a vulnerability assessment response or
93 similar activity.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to allow Powerball, Mega Millions and Hot Lotto ticket winners to remain anonymous. It provides procedures by which such winners can request anonymity and provides an exemption under the Freedom of Information Act.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.